Large-scale data modeling, analysis, and integration with personal health

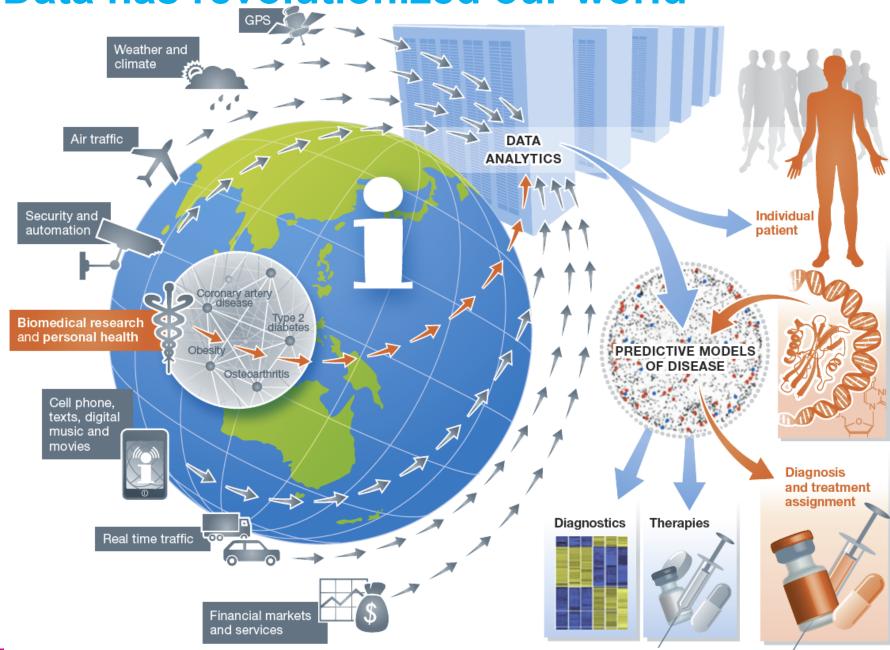
Andrew Kasarskis

Icahn Institute for Genomics and Multiscale Biology

MetaSUB Meeting June 20, 2015







Data has revolutionized our world

The Mount Sinai Health System

Mount Sinai Health System Facts



Member hospital campuses



Over 6000 physicians





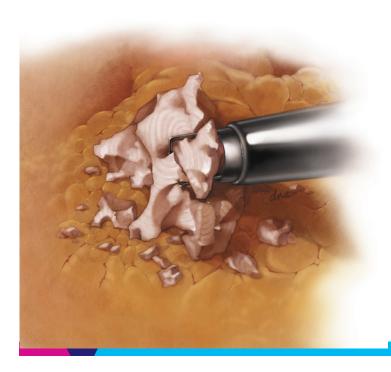
EMR (Almost) Alone

HEALTH | NYT NOW

F.D.A. Discourages Procedure in Uterine Surgery

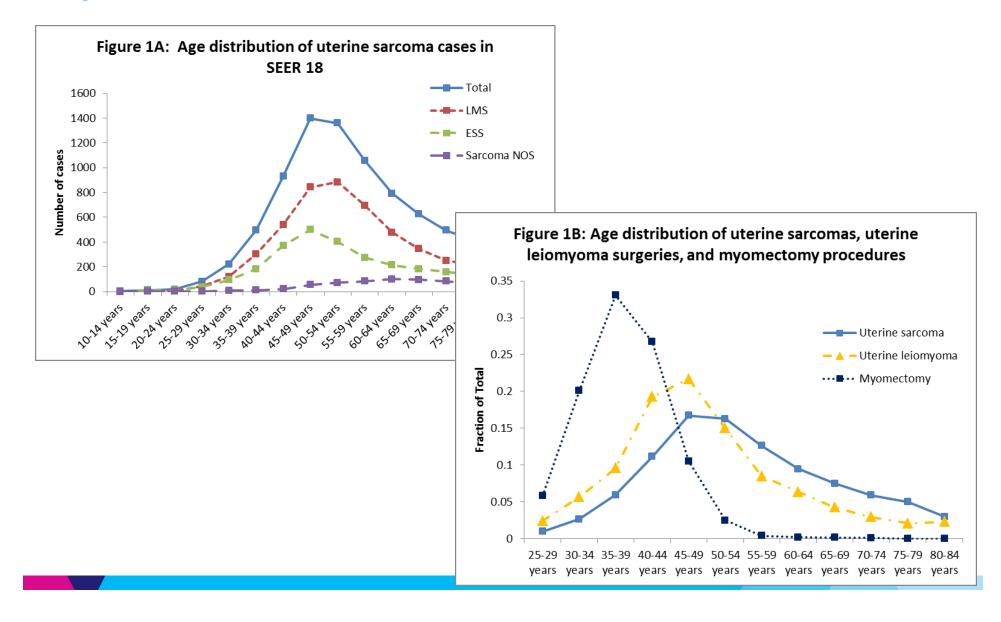
By DENISE GRADY APRIL 17, 2014

Doctors should stop using a procedure performed on tens of thousands of American women a year in the course of uterine surgery, because it poses a risk of spreading cancerous tissue, the Food and Drug Administration said Thursday.





Risk of unexpected uterine sarcoma after surgery for presumed fibroid



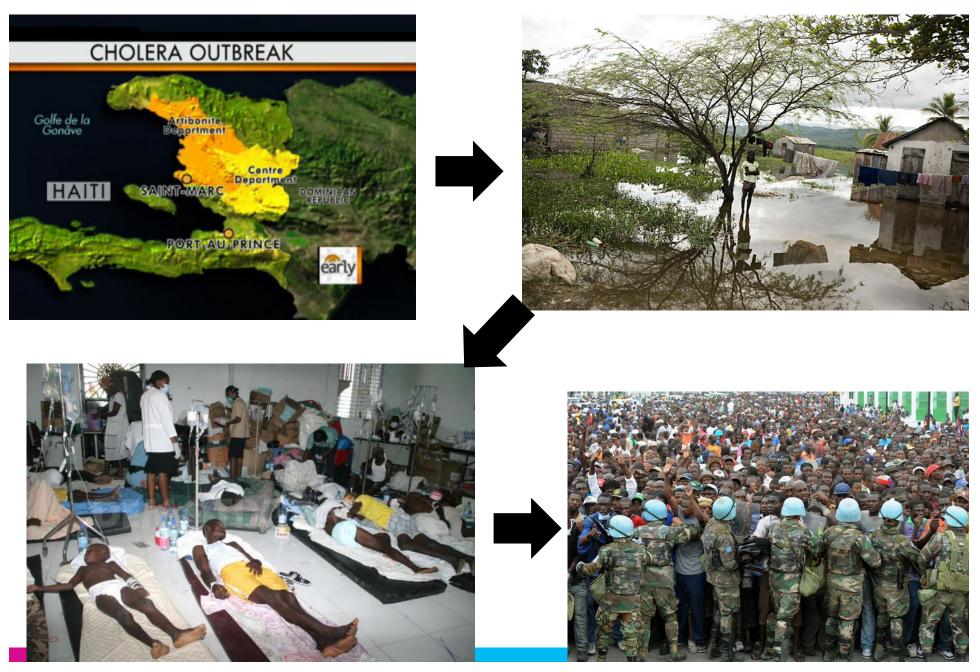
Age-stratified risk of unsuspected uterine sarcoma at the time of surgery for presumed benign leiomyoma

Age (years)	Estimated Risk of Uterine Sarcoma (per 1000 procedures)
25-29	1.74 (1 in 574)
30-34	2.01 (1 in 496)
35-39	2.65 (1 in 377)
40-44	2.46 (1 in 405)
45-49	3.28 (1 in 304)
50-54	4.62 (1 in 216)
55-59	6.35 (1 in 158)
60-64	6.36 (1 in 157)
65-69	7.53 (1 in 133)
70-74	8.55 (1 in 117)
75-79	10.1 (1 in 98)
80-84	5.57 (1 in 179)

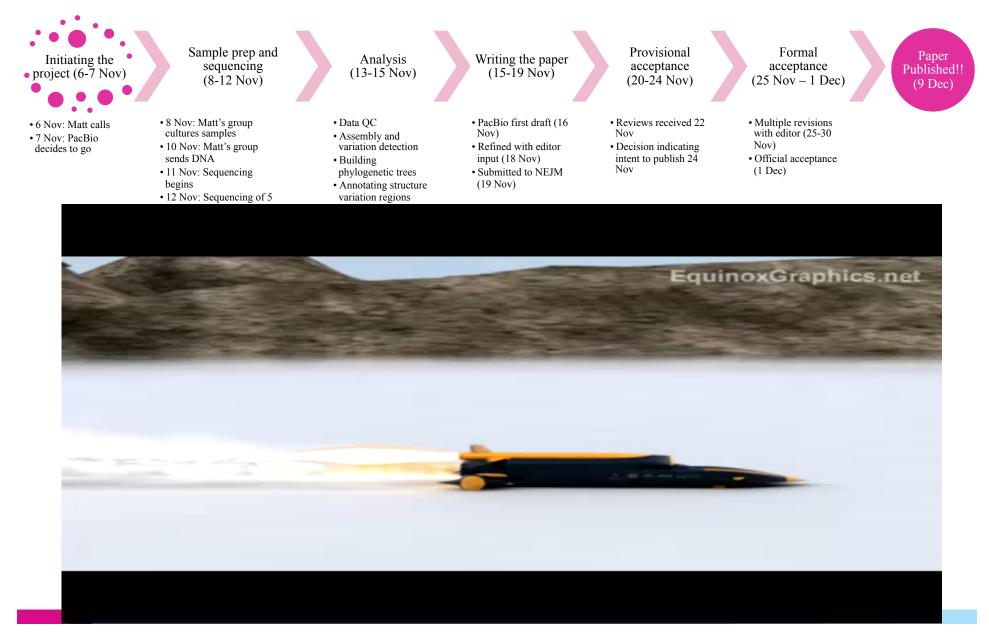
Brohl et al, Age-stratified risk of unexpected uterine sarcoma following surgery for presumed benign leiomyoma. Submitted, in review.

DNA (Almost) Alone

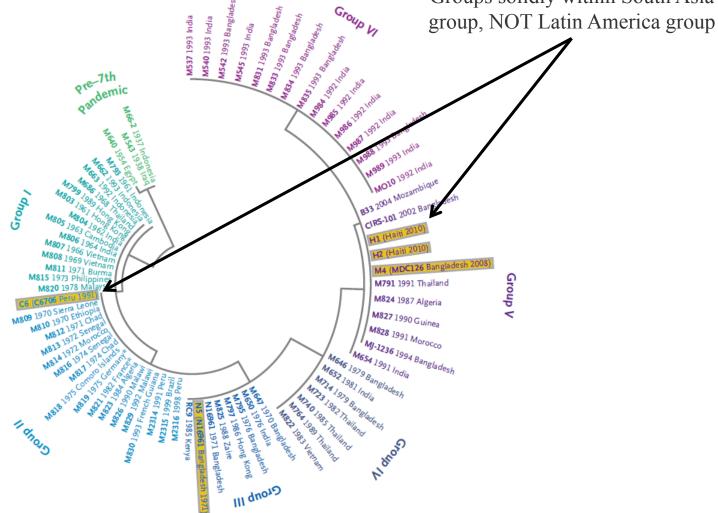
Cholera Outbreak in Haiti (October 2010)



From collection of samples, to publishing of results in ~ 1 month

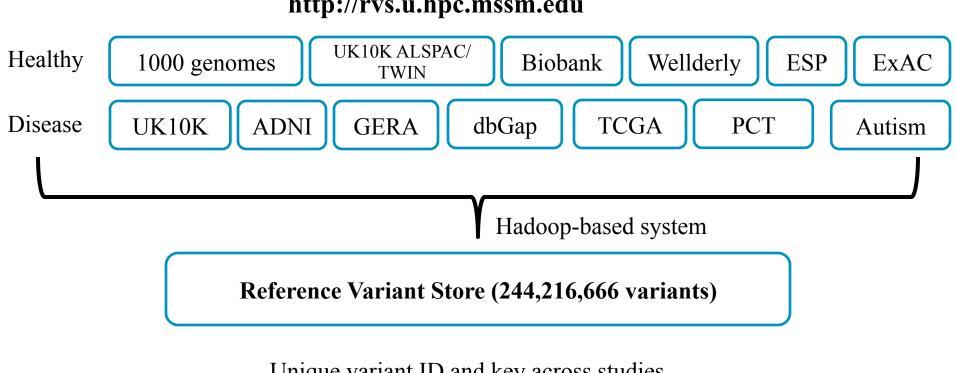


Single nucleotide variations also unambiguously positioned the Haitian cholera strain next to South Asia strains Groups solidly within South Asia



Chin et al. NEJM 2011 Jan 6;364(1):33-42. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1012928

Reference Variant Store with 245M genetic variants from 96,000 individuals



http://rvs.u.hpc.mssm.edu

Unique variant ID and key across studies

Frequency in over 30 population groups

Frequency in over 100 disease populations

Rong Chen

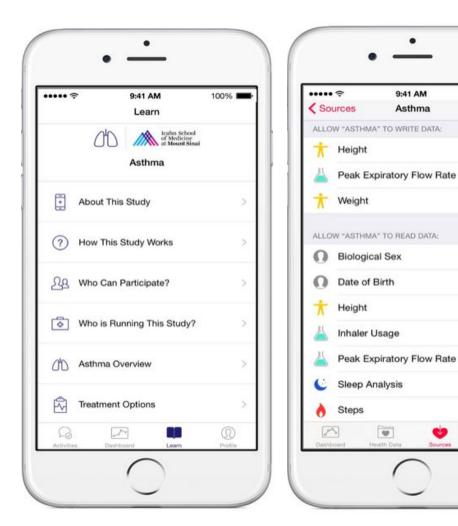
Patient-Reported Info (Almost) Alone

Asthma Health App



100%

ধ্বঁই



Asthma Mobile Health Study:

This app is a personalized tool that helps you to gain greater insight into your asthma and provides personalized reminders.

We aim to help patients experience less asthmarelated distress with better symptoms control, improved quality of life, and fewer unexpected medical visits.



Asthma Health App



Key Features:

Record and track your:

- Asthma symptoms and how they affect your daily activities
- Triggers such as colds, increased physical activity, strong smells, exhaust fumes, house dust, and animals
- Peak flow
- Emergency department visits, medical visits, and changes in medication





Widespread Media Coverage Helped Drive Participation at an Unprecedented Rate

- Over 8,000 participants consented and enrolled in our Asthma Study
- Over **46,000** downloads of the app

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL. \equiv sign in \vdots subscribe $f_{772} \bigotimes_{320} \bigotimes () \bigotimes_{4} \cdots$

HEART BEAT

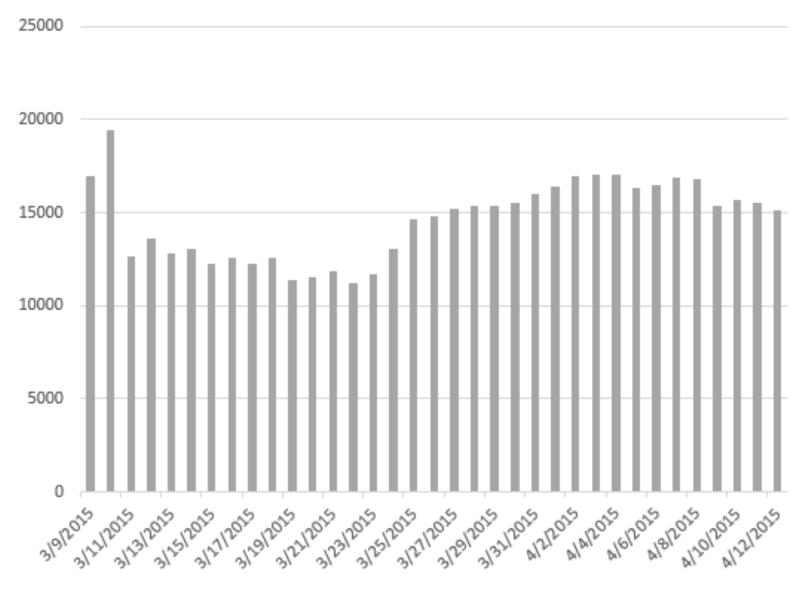
Apps to Track Exercise, Sleep Help Patients Participate in Clinical Trials

Smartphone data is used for crowdsourcing studies of diabetes, asthma, cardiovascular disease



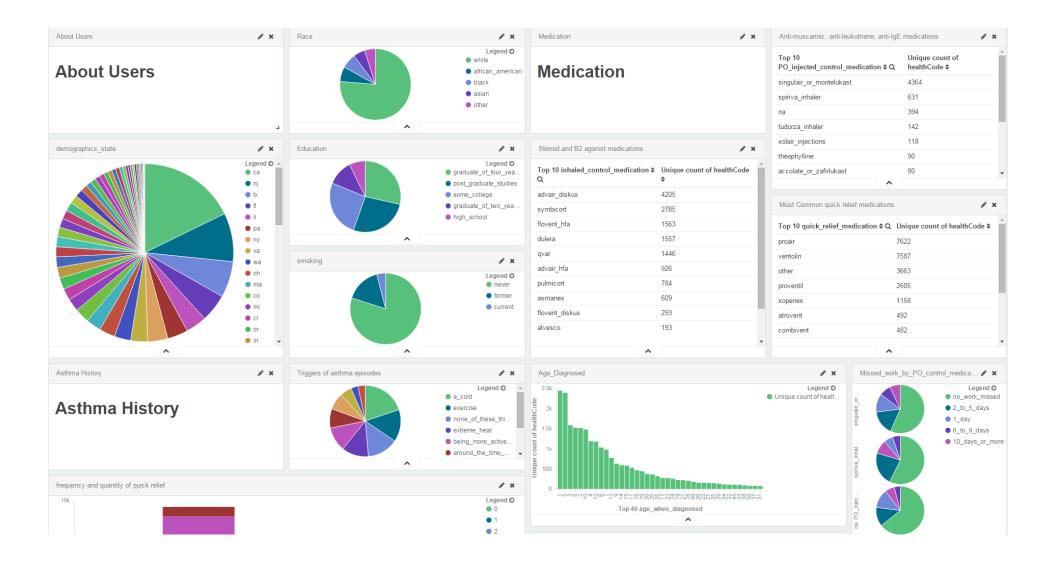
Apple's new ResearchKit toolbox offers researchers an off-the-shelf way to design clinical trials that can tap the vast universe of smartphone users to "crowd source" research studies. Photo: Apple

Asthma Health daily sessions

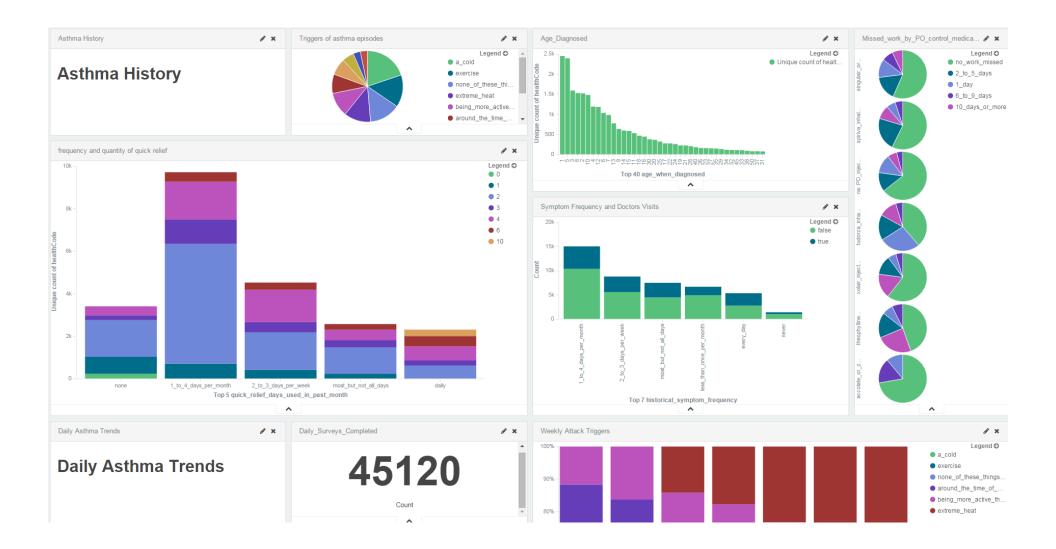


Sessions

Data Analysis Dashboard

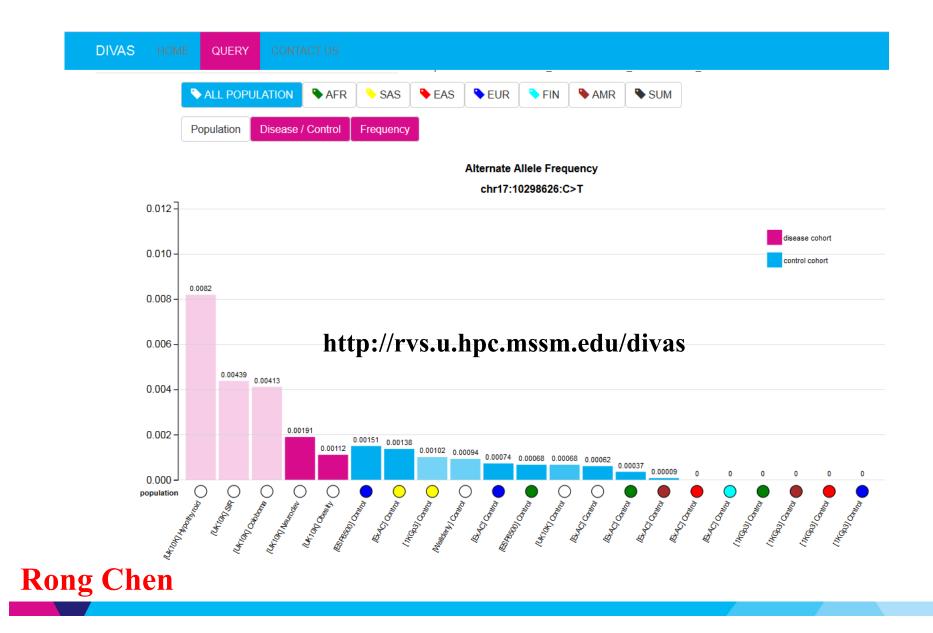


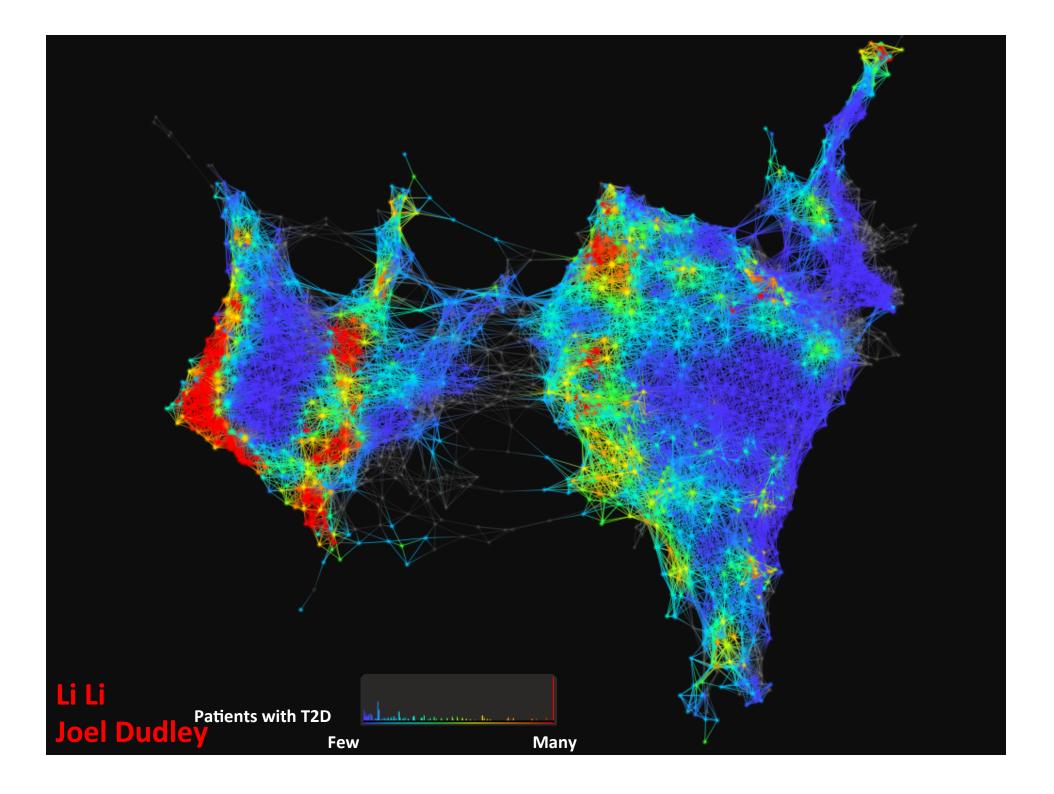
Data Analysis Dashboard

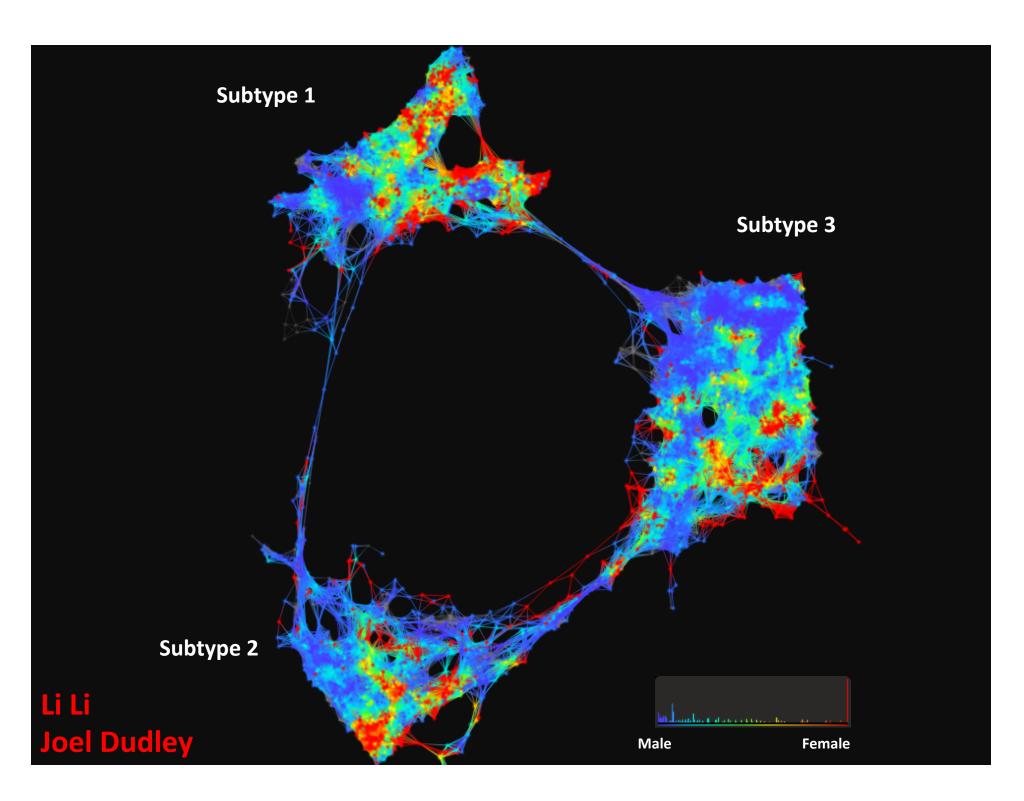


More integration, more utility

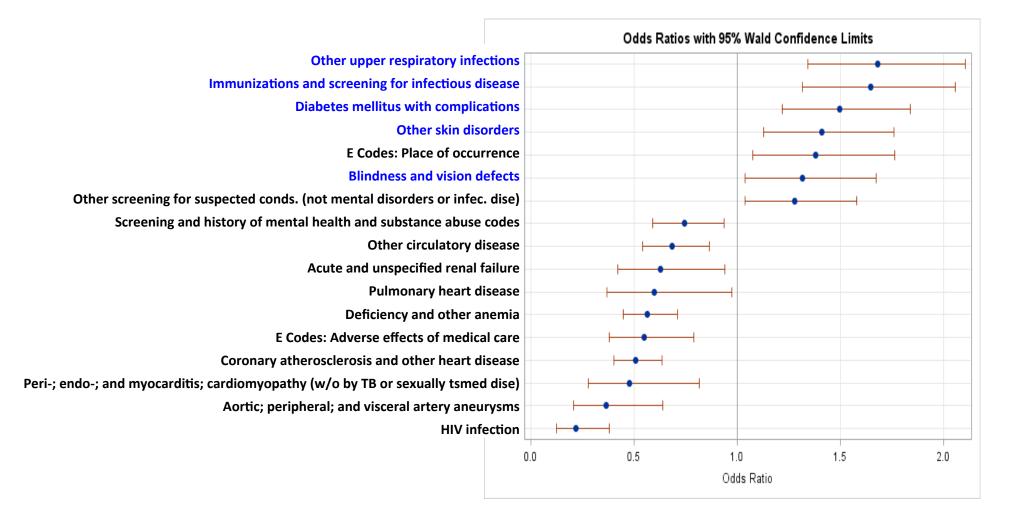
Disease Variant Store (DIVAS)



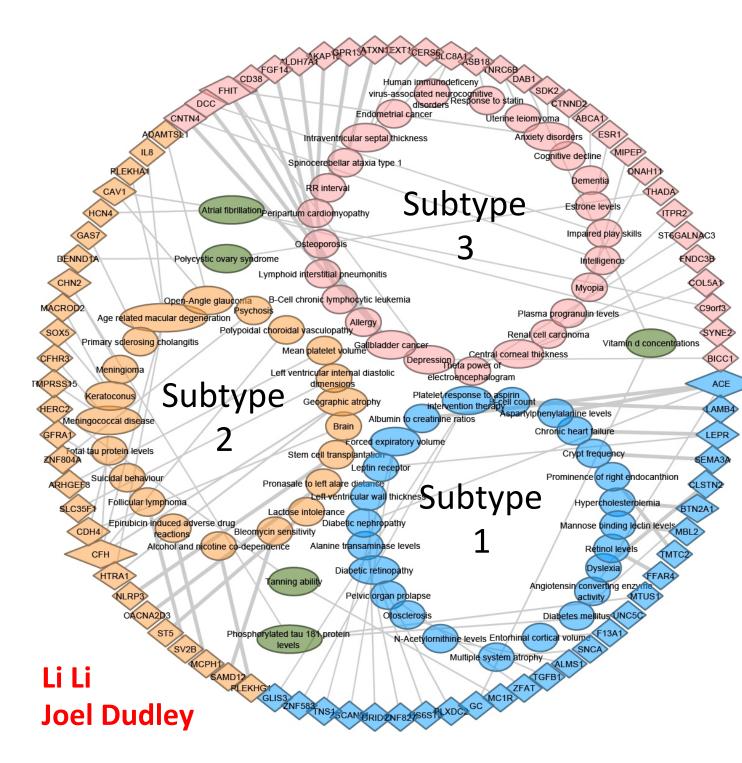




Subtype 1: More T2D Complication & Infection



Li Li Joel Dudley

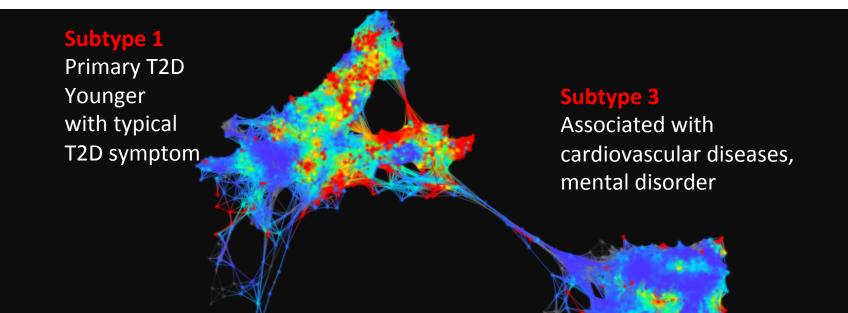


Genetic Variants Subtype3:

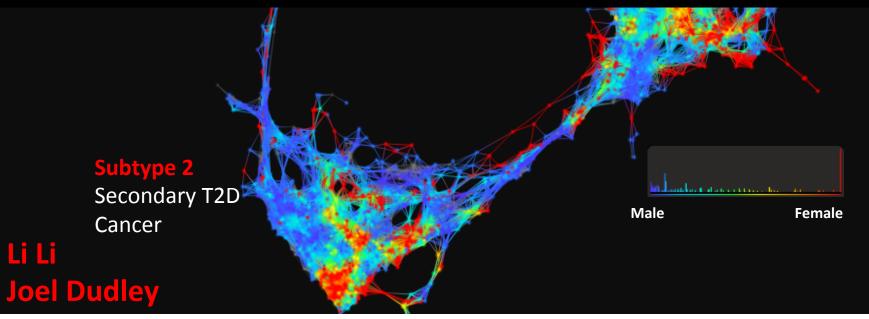
- Cardiovascular system
- Mental neurologic system
- HIV related neurologic disorder
- Vitamin D
- Allergy
- Response to the drug of statin

Genetic Variants Subtype 1:

- T2D complication
- Diabetic retinopathy/vision
- Diabetic nephropathy
- Vitamin D
- CBC panel
- Respiratory system



Design more precise risk models and efficacious drugs based on more accurate patient stratification

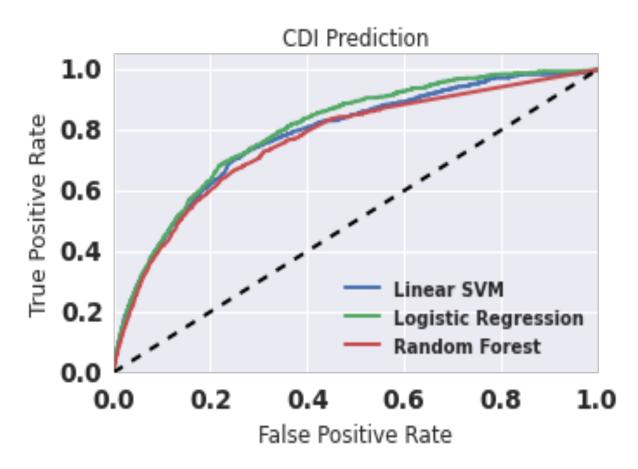


Uses of EMR data in *C. difficile* surveillance

Pathogen Surveillance Program



EMR data can be the key to better predictive models for CDI risk



Can we predict which patients will contract CDI?

Our data (any model)

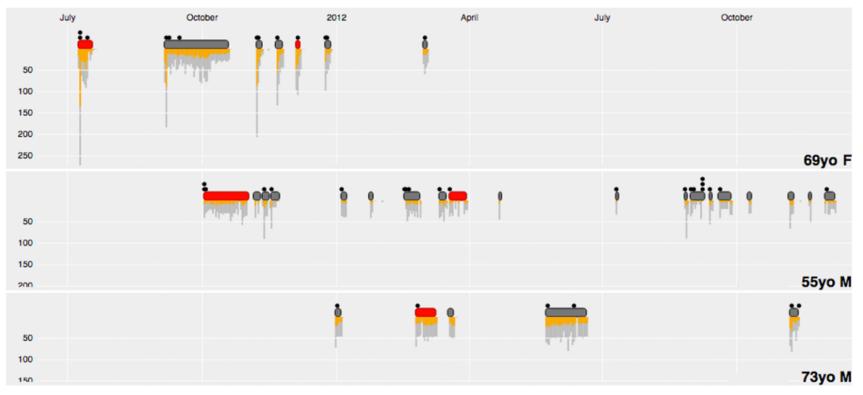
- 500 features
- 200k training points
- ► AUC 0.80

Wiens et al., OFID 2014

- 10k features
- ► 30k training points
- AUC 0.81

Tim O'Donnell, Hammer Lab

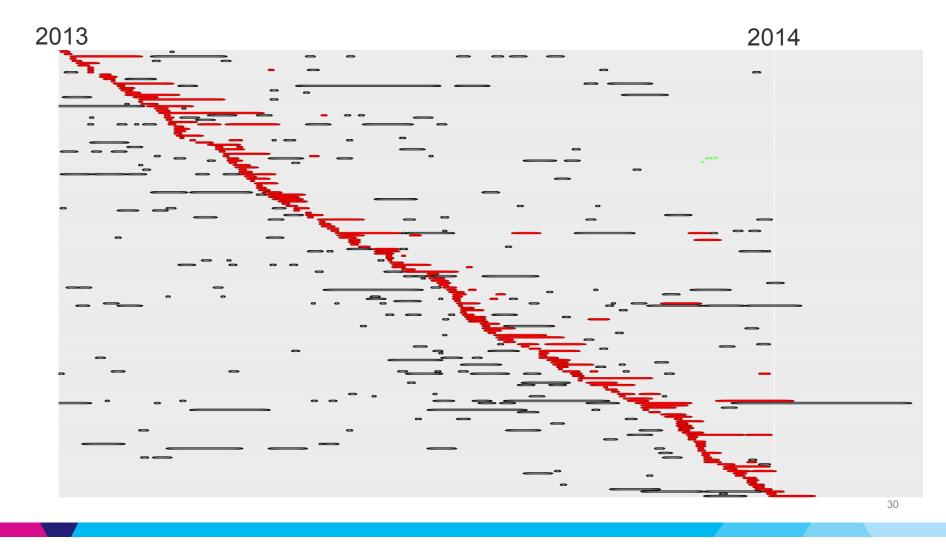
Visualizing CDI patient timelines from EMR data



- ► How can we quickly review multidimensional EMR data for each patient?
- Plot patient stories as "timelines"
 - Time spent in hospital as horizontal bars, colored by interesting diagnoses (CDI)
 - Can stack events of interest on top as dots, such as **transfers between wards**
 - Can plot quantitative data on Y-axis, such as lab results (abnormal vs. normal)

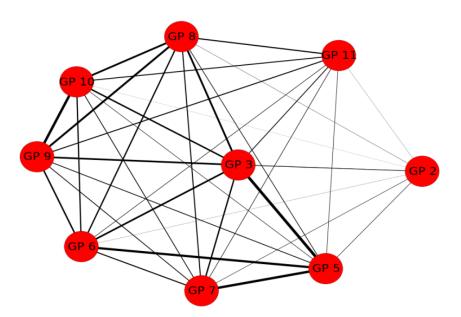
Visualizing CDI patient timelines from EMR data

- Can we visualize "overlap" between consecutive CDI patients at MSMC?
- ► Yes, and there's a *multitude of opportunities* for patient-patient transmission

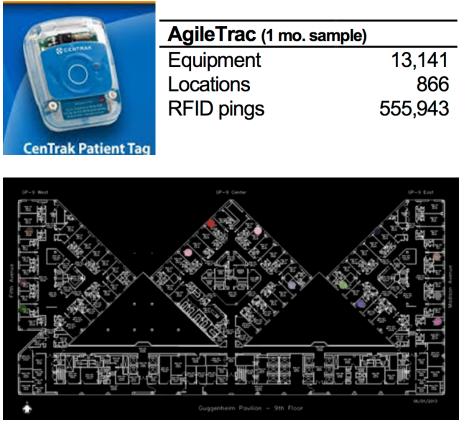


Beyond EMR data: RFID tracking of patient beds and equipment

- ► AgileTrac/CenTrak is a GM Healthcare product installed at MSMC
- "Ward and room-level" spatial resolution, minute-scale time resolution
- Can we track physical encounters or movements of equipment that may have facilitated transmission?

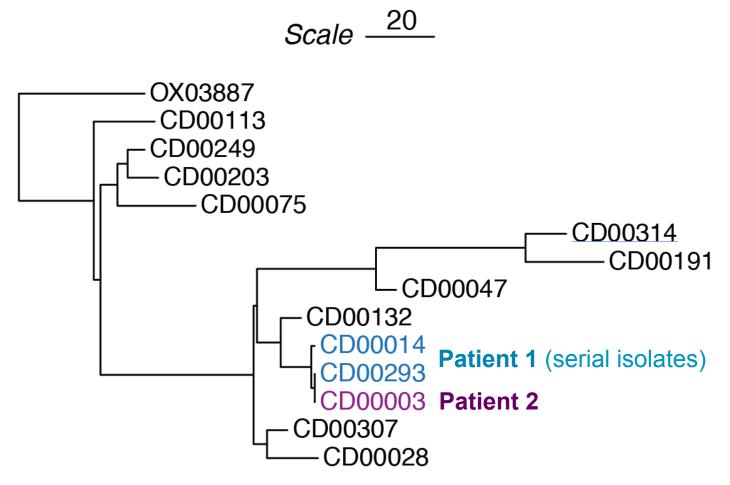


Equipment flow between floors in Guggenheim Pavilion at MSMC; In one month, 1678 of 8729 pieces of equipment moved between floors



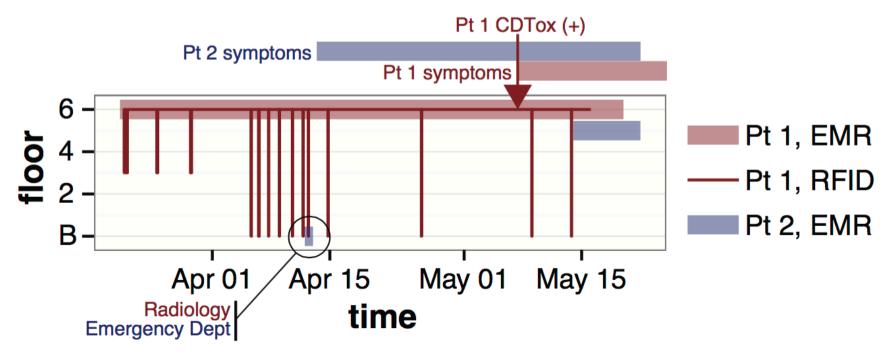
Tim O'Donnell, Hammer Lab

Is this data useful for explaining confirmed cases of transmission?



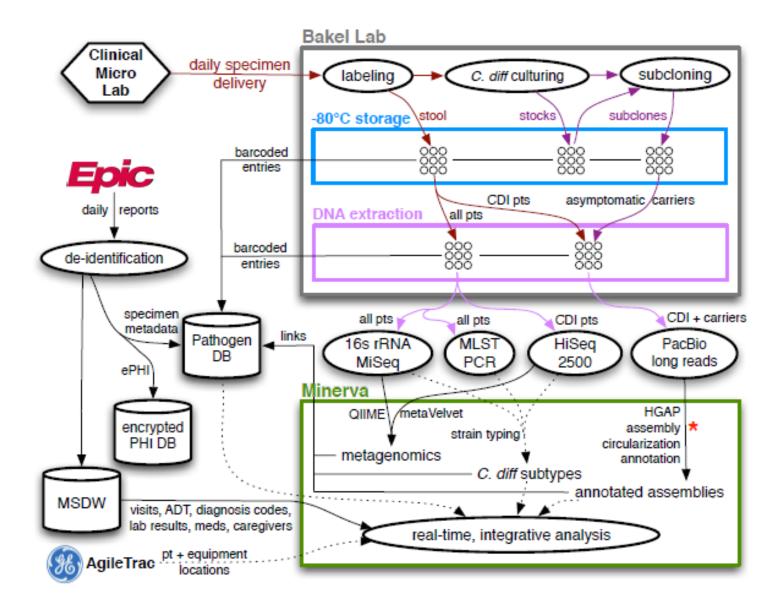
- ▶ Pilot study of sequencing 30 *C. difficile* isolates from CDI cases at MSMC
- SNP distances among 13 MLST type 1 isolates show **one likely transmission**

Finding encounters between patient 1 and 2 w/ EMR and RFID data

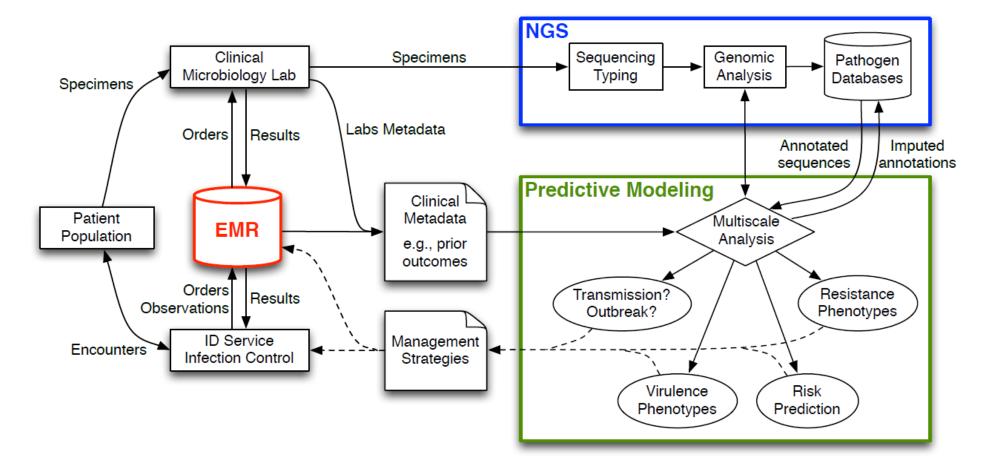


- According to the EMR data alone (admit/discharge tracking), patients were always separated by 6 floors during the window for possible transmission
- Adding RFID data, we can see smaller time windows when patient 1 was probably on the basement level with patient 2, immediately before both patients became symptomatic

Prospective C. Difficile Study



How Pathogen Surveillance Fits in the Hospital



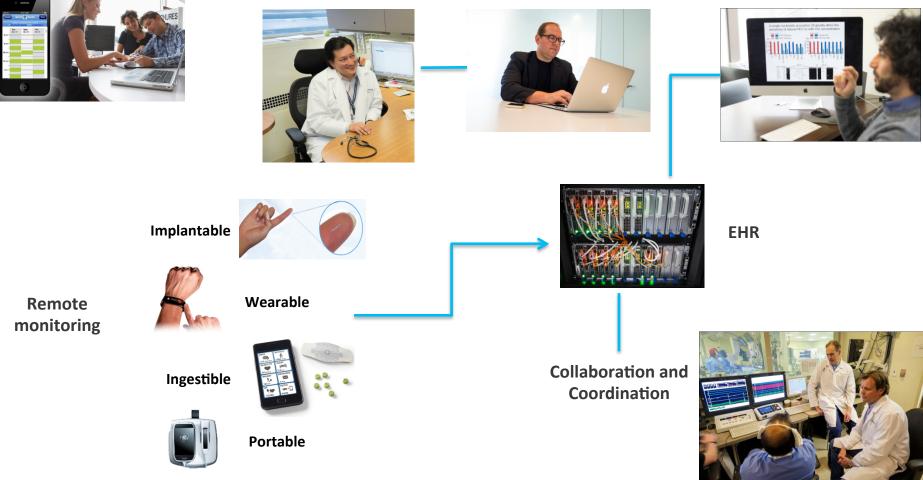
Missing environmental data, movement, microbiome associations, cleaning procedures, other physical plant parameters, ...

But, is outside the hospital more important than inside the hospital, especially in future?

Telehealth

Hospitals as the Hub for Advanced Technology and Powerful Analytics?

> **Big Data Predictive** Analytics



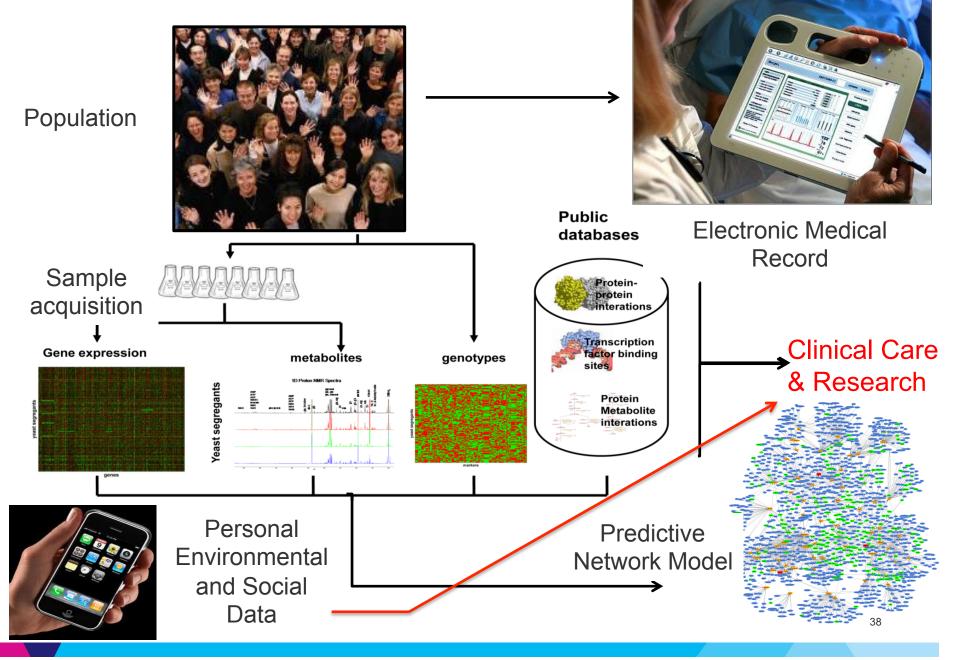
Online Care

Home as an Extension of the Hospital?

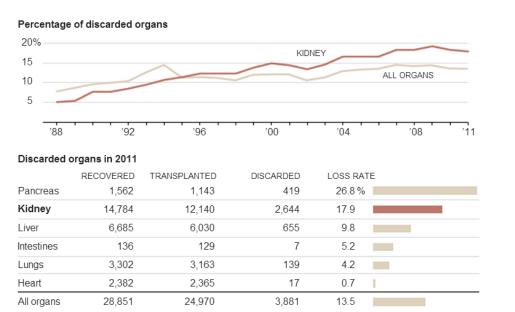


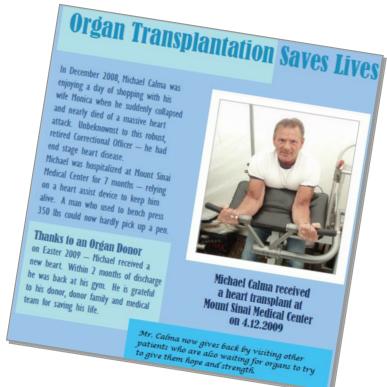
Spare Slides Below This Point

Closing Thought

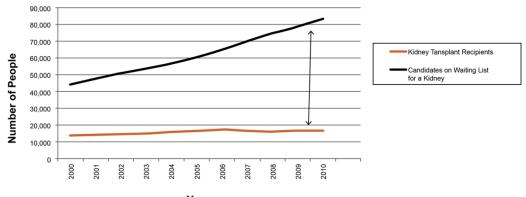


Organ Donation Shortage





The number of people waiting for a transplant is rising, but the number of people who get a transplant stays about the same.



Year

Source: OPTN/SRTR Annual Report Tables 1.3, 1.6, 1.7

Case Study: Organ Donor with MRSA

Deceased Liver Donor with MRSA endocarditis

Donor blood cultures grew MRSA for 6 days prior to transplant

Recipient got the liver, developed MRSA bacteremia

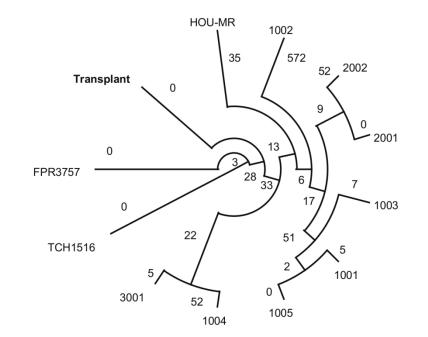
We managed the infection

We sequenced to confirm the donor and recipient MRSA were 100% identical in the genome and 2 plasmids

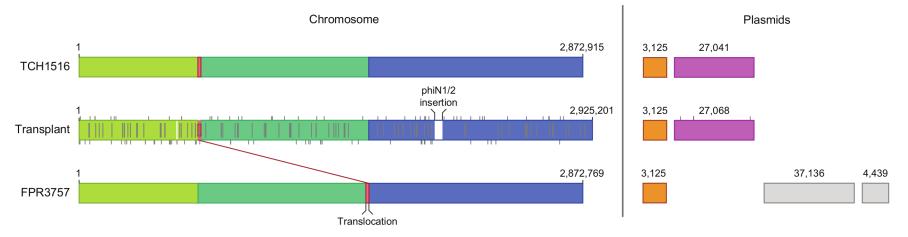




Molecular Epidemiology – Expected and unanticipated benefits



- We can measure risks and outcomes using robust molecular epidemiology of transmission
- Enables evidence-based guidelines



American Journal of Transplantation, DOI: 10.1111/ajt.12897

The World We Teach in Class

